

#### To the Student:

**Links to Literacy** is a set of 20 activities connecting a math-themed children's book to a topic in our **Prealgebra** textbook. These children's books provide a simple view of key **Prealgebra** topics and show how they apply to common life situations. They may help fill in some 'holes' in your math background, and they give you an opportunity to use your critical thinking skills in a unique setting.

**Links to Literacy** activities will help you strengthen your understanding of basic mathematical concepts. Each **Links to Literacy** worksheet poses a series of questions about a math-themed children's book, starting with retelling the book's story, explaining how the book helps children learn the math topic, applying the concepts to your life, reading the book to a child, doing an activity with the child, and, finally, reporting on the child's reaction to the book and activity.

Your teacher may be using the *Links to Literacy* activities as homework, group activities, or extra credit assignments. Even if your teacher does not assign these activities, we encourage you to try some of them on your own. The math-themed books can be found in most public libraries and bookstores.

We hope you will benefit from doing the *Links to Literacy* activities just as our students do. Our students become empowered as they take on the role of a teacher, reading and explaining math to the children in their lives. And, as they use the math vocabulary and procedures to solve problems together, our students build confidence in their math abilities. We wish the same for you!

Lynn Marecek

MaryAnne Anthony-Smith

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One Hundred Hungry Ants, by Elinor J. Pinczes

**Objective:** Factor composite numbers

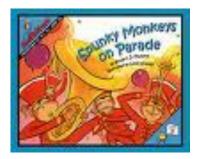


Read the children's book One Hundred Hungry Ants, by Elinor J. Pinczes

- 1. What is the story about?
- 2. How does it help children learn about factors?
- 3. List all the ways this story factors 100.
- 4. Suppose there were 42 hungry ants. Draw a picture showing all the ways they could line up evenly.
- 5. You'll need 36 of some small object (blocks, toothpicks, candies, etc.)
  - Read <u>One Hundred Hungry Ants</u> to a young child.
  - Ask the child to find all the ways the 36 objects can be separated evenly into lines.
  - Write a short paragraph about the child's comments and reactions, and list all the ways the child found to factor 36.

Spunky Monkeys on Parade, by Stuart J. Murphy

**Objective:** Identify Multiples of Numbers



Read the children's book Spunky Monkeys on Parade, by Stuart J. Murphy

- 1. What is the story about?
- 2. Multiples of which numbers are included in this book?
  - (a) How many cyclists march in a row?
  - (b) How many tumblers?
  - (c) How many drummers?
- 3. How does the book help children identify multiples of numbers?
- 4. What if the monkey parade were longer?
  - (a) Could the number of cyclists be 54?
  - (b) Could the number of tumblers 54?
  - (c) Could the number of drummers be 54?
  - (d) Explain your reasoning in words or by drawing a picture.
- 5. Read Spunky Monkeys on Parade to a young child.
  - Ask the child what other performers might be in a parade. Count how many performers there would be all together if they lined up in 10 rows of 5. How many would there be in 10 rows of 6?
  - Write a short paragraph about the child's comments and reactions.

A Remainder of One, by Elinor J. Pinczes

Objective: Use divisibility tests

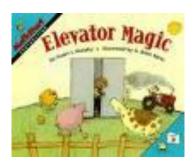


Read the children's book A Remainder of One, by Elinor J. Pinczes

- 1. What is the story about?
- 2. How does it help children learn about division?
- 3. Explain how you could use the divisibility tests for two, three, and five to know that the bugs cannot form two or three even columns, but they can form five even columns.
- 4. What is the Least Common Multiple (LCM) of 2, 3, and 5? List all the ways the bugs could form even columns if there were that many of them marching in a parade.
- 5. You will need 12 small objects (buttons, beans, etc.) to represent the bugs. Read the children's book <u>A Remainder of One</u> to a young child.
  - Set out 8 objects and ask the child to try to place them in even lines of two, then three, and then five.
  - Repeat with 9 objects
    - 10 objects
    - 11 objects
    - 12 objects
  - Write a short paragraph about the child's comments and reactions, and draw a picture that shows how the child made lines with 12 objects.

Elevator Magic, by Stuart J. Murphy

**Objective:** Subtraction of positive and negative numbers



Read the children's book Elevator Magic, by Stuart J. Murphy

- 1. What is the story about?
- 2. The first elevator stop is on the 8<sup>th</sup> floor, 2 floors down from Ben's mother's office on the 10<sup>th</sup> floor. What if Ben's mother had forgotten something on her desk? Write the addition equation that would get her back to the 10<sup>th</sup> floor.
- 3. In many countries, the ground floor is floor 0. You need to go up one flight of stairs to get to the 1<sup>st</sup> floor. Suppose the lobby in <u>Elevator Magic</u> was on floor 0, and suppose there were 3 floors of parking under the building. Draw a picture of all the elevator buttons, including the underground parking. Use negative numbers to label the underground garage floors.
- 4. Suppose Ben's father had parked his car on the 2<sup>nd</sup> underground floor.
  - (a) Write an equation that describes how Ben's father got from his car to the lobby.
  - (b) Then write an equation that models Ben's total elevator ride to get from his mother's office to his father's car.
- 5. Read Elevator Magic, to a young child.
  - Ask the child what she would call the floors of the underground garage, and how she
    would figure out how many floors there were from Ben's mother's office to his father's car
    on the 2<sup>nd</sup> floor of the garage.
  - Write a short paragraph about the child's comments and reaction.

Clean-Sweep Campers, by Lucille Recht Penner

**Objective:** Model equivalent fractions



Read the children's book Clean-Sweep Campers, by Lucille Recht Penner

- 1. What is the story about?
- 2. Use a fraction circle with 8 pieces to represent the 8 girls in the cabin. Show that

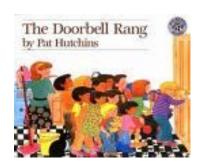
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 is equivalent to  $\frac{4}{8}$ . Draw a picture of your fraction circle and explain how it shows that

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 is equivalent to  $\frac{4}{8}$ .

- 3. Use your fraction circle to show that  $\frac{1}{4}$  is equivalent to  $\frac{2}{8}$ . Draw a picture of the fraction circle and then explain it in words.
- 4. Explain how you can use fraction circles to show that there is no fraction equivalent to  $\frac{1}{3}$  that has denominator 8.
- 5. Besides the eight girls in the cabin, there are also two counselors.
  - Find all the ways to make equal teams from among all ten people in the cabin.
  - Draw 3 fraction circles, each with 10 pieces, and show  $\frac{2}{10}$ ,  $\frac{5}{10}$ , and  $\frac{8}{10}$ . Then find an equivalent fraction for each that has a denominator smaller than 10.

The Doorbell Rang, by Pat Hutchins

**Objective:** Identify fraction numerator and denominator

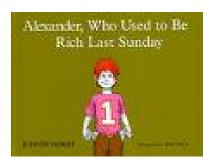


Read the children's book The Doorbell Rang, by Pat Hutchins

- 1. (a) What is the story about?
  - (b) On the first page of the book Ma said "I made plenty" of cookies.
    - How many cookies did she make?
    - How do you know?
- 2. At one part of the story, the cookies will be shared among 4 children.
  - (a) Write this as a fraction
  - (b) Explain what the numerator and denominator represent
  - (c) Simplify the fraction to find how many cookies each child would get.
- 3. What is the largest number of children who could share the cookies without having to break any cookies? Explain your reasoning.
- 4. What if there were 18 children how could they share the 12 cookies evenly? Explain your reasoning in words and by drawing a picture.
- 5. You'll need 12 small objects (blocks, toothpicks, candies, etc.)
  - Read <u>The Doorbell Rang</u> to a young child.
  - Pretend the objects are cookies, and ask the child to divide them evenly among the children as you read the story.
  - Ask the child what would happen if there were 24 children.
  - Write a short paragraph about the child's comments and reactions.

Alexander, Who Used to Be Rich Last Sunday, by Judith Viorst

**Objective:** Add and subtract decimal numbers





Read the children's book Alexander, Who Used to Be Rich Last Sunday, by Judith Viorst

- 1. What is the story about?
- 2. At the start of the story, Alexander tells you about the money his brother Anthony has. What is the total value of Anthony's money?
- 3. How much money does Alexander's brother Nicholas have? Explain how you calculated it.
- 4. Anthony writes the value of one nickel as \$0.5, but Nicholas writes it as \$0.05. Who is correct? How do you know?
- 5. Make a "checkbook register" for Alexander. The first 2 rows are shown below. Continue filling in transactions, amount, and balance to show how Alexander spent all his money.

Transaction	Amount	Balance
Gift from grandparents	\$1	\$1
Bought 3 pieces of bubble	-\$0.15	\$0.85
gum		

Sea Squares, by Joy N. Hulme

Objective: Recognize perfect square numbers

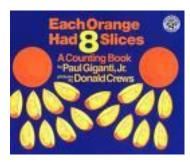


Read the children's book Sea Squares, by Joy N. Hulme

- 1. What is the story about?
- 2. Imagine there was another page that showed 12 sailboats with 12 sailors in each boat. How many sailors would there be?
- 3. How does the story help children learn about square numbers?
- 4. Make up 2 examples, similar to those in Sea Squares, but with things found around your house, that show 32 and 82.
- 5. Read <u>Sea Squares</u> to a child in 3<sup>rd</sup> or 4<sup>th</sup> grade.
  - Ask the child to verify the numbers on each page, and explain her reasoning to you –
     for example, how does she know there are 16 feet on the 4 seals?
  - Did she count all 16 or did she multiply 4x4?
  - Which method is faster?
  - Write a brief paragraph about the child's comments.

Each Orange Had 8 Slices, by Paul Giganti, Jr.

**Objective**: Use the associative property of multiplication



Read the children's book Each Orange Had 8 Slices, by Paul Giganti, Jr

- 1. What is the story about?
- 2. How does it help children learn to multiply numbers?
- 3. The first page of the book shows 3 flowers with 6 petals and 2 bugs.
  - (a) To find the total number of bugs, did you start by finding the number of bugs on each flower, or did you find the total number of petals first?
  - (b) Would it make a difference in the final answer?
- 4. Explain how this book relates to the Associative Property of Multiplication,  $(a \cdot b) \cdot c = a \cdot (b \cdot c)$ .
- 5. Read Each Orange Had 8 Slices to a young child.
  - Ask the child to draw a picture that could be another page of the book, and then talk with the child about the total number of items in the picture.
  - What did the child draw? How many items were in the picture? Attach the child's drawing.
  - Write a short paragraph about the child's comments and reactions.

The 100-pound problem, by Jennifer Dussling

**Objective:** Use the Subtraction and Addition Property of Equality



Read the children's book The 100-pound problem, by Jennifer Dussling

- 1. What is the story about?
- 2. Walt weighs 65 pounds and his dog weighs 20 pounds.
  - (a) How much more weight can the boat hold?
  - (b) The equation 65 + 20 + x = 100 models the boat's capacity, with Walt and his dog. Solve the equation for x.
- 3. Walt's fishing gear and his backpack together weigh 20 pounds.
  - (a) If the backpack weighs 12 pounds, how much does the fishing gear weigh?
  - (b) Write an equation to model this.

At the end of the story, after leaving his fishing gear and backpack on the island, Walt caught a big fish. The fish was too heavy to be in the boat with Walt and his dog, but when the dog jumped out, the boat could carry Walt and the fish.

- 4. What is the least the fish could have weighed? Explain your reasoning.
- 5, What is the most the fish could have weighed? Explain your reasoning

Everybody Wins!, by Sheila Bruce

**Objective:** Division property of equality



Read the children's book Everybody Wins!, by Sheila Bruce

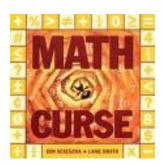
- 1. What is the story about?
- 2. How does it help children learn about division?

In one part of the story, Oscar split the cost of a \$12 raffle ticket with two friends.

- 3. How does the equation 12 = 3x model this situation?
- 4. What does the solution to that equation tell Oscar and his friends?
- 5. You'll need one bag (any size) of M&M's or other small candies. Read <u>Everybody Wins!</u> to a child in the second or third grade.
  - Ask the child to estimate the number of M&M's in the bag, then count them out.
  - Ask the child how many M&M's each person would get if you were to share the M&M's among all the people in the child's family.
  - Have the child explain or show you how s/he got that answer.
  - Write a short paragraph about the child's comments and reactions.

Math Curse, by Jon Scieszka and Lane Smith

**Objective:** Approach word problems with a positive attitude

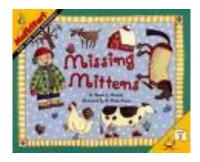


Read the book Math Curse by Jon Scieszka and Lane Smith.

- 1. What is the story about?
- 2. List all the different math topics you recognized in this story.
- 3. Do you think the narrator has a positive or negative attitude towards math?
  - (a) Explain why you think so.
  - (b) Have you ever felt the same way?
- 4. How do you feel now about math? Why do you think you feel this way?
- 5. The narrator sees math problems all day long. Make up a word problem about an event in your everyday life, and use algebra to solve it.

Missing Mittens, by Stuart J. Murphy

Objective: Identify odd and even numbers



Read the children's book Missing Mittens, by Stuart J. Murphy

- 1. What is the story about?
- 2. How does it help children learn about odd and even numbers?
- 3. Name 4 other things, besides mittens, that come in even-numbered sets.
- 4. Name 3 things that come in odd-numbered sets.
- 5. Read Missing Mittens to a young child.
  - Ask the child how many mittens would be needed for 9 chickens, and for 5 cows.
  - Ask the child to explain why, for 9 chickens and 5 cows, the number of chickens is more
    than the number of cows but the number of chickens' mittens is less than the number of
    cows' mittens.
  - Write a short paragraph about the child's comments and reactions.

Among the Odds & Evens, by Priscilla Turner

Objective: Identify properties of odd and even numbers



Read the children's book Among the Odds & Evens, by Priscilla Turner

- 1. What is the story about?
- 2. How does this book talk about the sums of odd and even numbers?
- 3. When the author has one character say, "there's nothing odd about Even children being a product of an Odd pair" the character is not using the correct math vocabulary what would the correct statement be? Why?
- 4. Make up five different pairs of odd numbers and find the product of each.
  - (a) List the number pairs and their products.
  - (b) Is the product odd or even?
  - (c) Do you think this will be true for any pair of odd numbers?
  - (d) Explain your reasoning
- 5. Make up five different pairs of even numbers and find the product of each.
  - (a) List the number pairs and their products.
  - (b) Is the product odd or even?
  - (c) Do you think this will be true for any pair of even numbers?
  - (d) Explain your reasoning.

Spaghetti and Meatballs for All! by Marilyn Burns

**Objective:** Understand area and perimeter



Read the children's book <u>Spaghetti and Meatballs for All!</u> by Marilyn Burns. You'll need one piece of grid paper to answer questions 3, 4, and 5.

- 1. (a) What is the story about?
  - (b) How does this story relate to the concepts of area and perimeter?
- 2. Read the pages titled "For Parents, Teachers, and Other Adults" at the end of the book. Figures 1, 5, 6, 7, and 8 show different ways to arrange tables to seat 32 people.
  - (a) Copy each of these figures onto your grid paper, letting 1 square represent one table.
  - (b) Find the area and perimeter of each figure.
- 3. At one point in the story, there were 12 people seated for dinner (Mr. and Mrs. Comfort, their daughter, her husband, their 2 children, Mrs. Comfort's brother and his wife, their daughter and her husband and twins.)
  - (a) On your grid paper, show all the ways to arrange the tables to have 12 people seated.
  - (b) For each arrangement, find the area and the perimeter.
- 4. In the story, Mrs. Comfort rented 8 tables.
  - (a) Using all 8 tables, how many different ways could they be arranged?
  - (b) Show them all on your grid paper, and find the area and perimeter of each.
- 5. If you had to rent small square tables like those in the story, how should you arrange them to seat the largest possible number of people? Explain your reasoning.

What's Faster than a Speeding Cheetah?, by Robert E. Wells

Objective: Use Distance, Rate, Time model

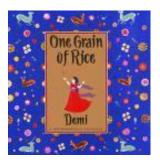


Read the children's book What's Faster than a Speeding Cheetah?, by Robert E. Wells

- 1. What is the story about?
- 2. The book says a cheetah runs at a rate of 70 miles per hour. If a cheetah could run at this rate for any amount of time, how far would it go in
  - (a) one hour?
- (b) two hours?
- (c) five hours?
- 3. How long would it take a cheetah, running at a rate of 70 miles per hour, to run
  - (a) 175 miles?
- (b) 20 miles?
- 4. A propeller plane can fly 300 miles per hour. The moon is about 239,000 miles from earth.
  - (a) How many hours would it take a propeller plane to fly from the earth to the moon?
  - (b) One day is 24 hours. How many days would it take a propeller plane to fly from the earth to the moon?
  - (c) One week is 7 days. How many weeks would it take a propeller plane to fly from the earth to the moon?
- 5. The speed of light is 186,000 miles per second.
  - (a) How many seconds are in one hour?
  - (b) What is the speed of light in miles per hour?

One Grain of Rice, by Demi

**Objective**: Evaluate Expressions with Exponents



Read the children's book One Grain of Rice, by Demi.

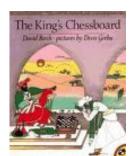
- 1. What is the story about?
- 2. On the twelfth day, Rani received "two thousand and forty-eight grains of rice, about four handfuls."
  - (a) How many grains of rice make one handful?
  - (b) Does this seem reasonable to you? Why or why not?
- 3. The last page of the book shows how many grains of rice Rani received on each of the 30 days. Make a table that shows the total number of grains of rice she had accumulated on each day, up to day 15. The first 3 lines are shown here:

Day	Grains received	Total number accumulated
1	1	1
2	2	3
3	4	7

- 4. Since the book shows that Rani had accumulated 1,048,575 grains of rice on day 20, can you tell how many grains she had accumulated by day 19?
- 5. The expression  $2^n 1$  represents the total number of grains of rice accumulated by day n.
  - (a) Evaluate the expression for n = 10.
  - (b) Explain how your answer relates to this story.

The King's Chessboard, by David Birch

**Objective**: Evaluate Expressions with Exponents



Read the children's book The King's Chessboard, by David Birch

- 1. (a) What is the story about?
  - (b) How many grains of rice did the king send to the wise man on the 5<sup>th</sup> day?
- 2. This table shows the number of grains of rice the king promised the wise man for each day from the first day to the third day. Continue the table through the twelfth day.

Day	Grains of rice
1	1
2	2
3	4

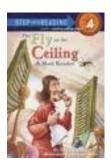
- 3. The number of grains of rice the king promised each day relates to the mathematical concept of exponents. For example, on day 5 the king promised 16 grains of rice, and  $2^4 = 16$ .
  - (a) What value of x is the solution to  $2^x = 512$ ?
  - (b) Write an algebraic expression, using exponents, for the number of grains of rice the king promised on day *n*.
- 4. What if the wise man had asked instead for 1 grain of rice the first day, and two more grains of rice than the day before for each day following? Complete the table below to show how many grains of rice the wise man would have received on the twelfth day.

Day	Grains of rice
1	1
2	3
3	5

5. Looking at the tables you made in #2 and #4, write a sentence comparing the rate at which the number of grains grows when multiplying by two each day versus when adding two each day.

The Fly on the Ceiling, by Dr. Julie Glass

**Objective:** Introduce ordered pairs and point plotting.



Read the children's book The Fly on the Ceiling, by Dr. Julie Glass

- 1. What is the story about?
- 2. How does the story help teach about ordered pairs and point plotting?
- 3. On a piece of grid paper:
  - label a horizontal x-axis and vertical y-axis
  - number each axis from 1 to 10 to make a coordinate system, with (0,0) in the lower left corner
  - turn to pages 42-43 of <u>The Fly on the Ceiling</u>, and, using the coordinates on the sign on the wall, mark the locations of the boots, star book, cactus, hat, aeolipile, chamber pot, and ink.
- 4. Still looking at the picture on pages 42-43, notice that you cannot see the labels on both axes. But you know the cactus is at (3,8). What are the coordinates of the candle, bagel, and cheese?
- 5. Make a graph of a room in your home. Locate 5 objects in the room, mark them on your graph, and give their coordinates.

Lemonade for Sale, by Stuart J. Murphy

**Objective:** Plot points



Read the children's book Lemonade for Sale, by Stuart J. Murphy

- 1. What is the story about?
- 2. How does it help children learn about bar graphs?
- 3. The lemonade sales from Monday through Thursday are shown in the bar graph on page 22.
  - (a) Which day had the most sales? How do you know?
  - (b) Which day had the least sales? How do you know?
  - (c) If lemonade sold for 25 cents a cup, how much money did the lemonade stand make on Thursday?
- 4. Sheri said the sales Friday were "over the top".
  - (a) What is the least number of cups of lemonade they sold on Friday?
  - (b) Explain how you know this.
- 5. (a) Make a bar graph that shows something in your everyday life.
  - (b) Explain what your graph shows.
  - (c) State one conclusion someone might say as a result of reading your graph.